NO. 42233-6-II

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON,

DIVISION II

STATE OF WASHINGTON,

Respondent,

vs.

JERRY ALLEN ANDERSON,

Appellant.

BRIEF OF RESPONDENT

SUSAN I. BAUR Prosecuting Attorney JAMES SMITH/WSBA 35537 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Representing Respondent

HALL OF JUSTICE 312 SW FIRST KELSO, WA 98626 (360) 577-3080

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I. INTRODUCTION

The appellant was charged by information in two causes, which were subsequently joined for trial. In cause number 09-1-00599-8 the appellant was charged with assault in the second degree for an incident from March 25, 2009, and assault in the second degree and violation of a no contact order for another incident from May 26, 2009. In cause number 09-1-01258-7 the appellant was charged with assault in the second degree, theft in the second degree, and obstructing for an incident form November 7, 2009. These charges were alleged to involve domestic violence.

The appellant proceeded to a jury trial in May of 2011. The appellant was found not guilty of the March incident, guilty of assault in the fourth degree and violation of a no contact order for the May incident, and guilty only of obstructing for the November incident. The appellant was sentenced within the standard range, and the instant appeal timely followed.

On appeal, the appellant argues the trial court improperly admitted prior written statements made by the victim and two other witness regarding the May incident as substantive evidence, and that the trial court erred by included a prior conviction in his criminal history. However, the trial court did not err, and the Court should affirm the convictions.

II. STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The State agrees, for the most part, with the factual and procedural history as set forth by the appellant. Where appropriate, the State's brief will point to specific facts in the record regarding the issues before the Court.

III. ISSUES PRESENTED

- 1. Did the trial court abuse its discretion by admitting prior inconsistent statements by the witnesses under ER 801(d)(1)?
- 2. Did the trial court improperly include the appellant's juvenile conviction for theft 2nd in his criminal history?

IV. SHORT ANSWERS

- 1. No.
- 2. No.

V. ARGUMENT

I. The Trial Court Did Not Abuse Its Discretion by Admitting the Prior Written Statements of Witnesses Under ER 801(d)(1).

At trial, the court admitted into evidence two written statements made by Lisa Garner, aka: Lisa Shippy, and two statements written by Crystal Alvarado and Eric Smith. Exhibits 13, 14, 15, and 16. The appellant argues these statements failed to satisfy the criteria set forth in State v. Smith, 97 Wn.2d 856, 651 P.2d 207 (1982) for admission as

substantive evidence under ER 801(d)(1). However, the statements were properly admitted, and the appellant's convictions should stand.

On appeal, this Court reviews the admission or exclusion of evidence under an abuse of discretion standard. State v. Baldwin, 109 Wn.App. 516, 37 P.3d 1220 (2001). An abuse of discretion occurs only when the trial court's decision is "manifestly unreasonable or based upon untenable grounds or reasons." State v. Neal, 144 Wn.2d 600, 609, 30 P.3d 1255 (2001); quoting State v. Stenson, 132 Wn.2d 668, 701, 940 P.2d 1239 (1997). Under this standard of review, the Supreme Court has noted that it is not the duty of the appellate court to "supplant the trial court's discretion with [its] own." State v. Cheatham, 150 Wn.2d 626, 656, 81 P.3d 830 (2003).

Here, the trial court admitted into evidence written statements made by the witnesses. Under ER 801(d)(1) and Smith, 97 Wn.2d 856, a prior sworn statement is admissible as substantive evidence if the witness testifies inconsistently with the statement and: (1) the statement was made voluntarily; (2) there were minimal guarantees of truthfulness; (3) the statement was taken as part of the process to determine the existence of probable cause; (4) the witness is subject to cross examination. The appellant concedes that the first factor, voluntariness, and the final factor, cross examination, were met. Appellant's brief at 11-12. However, the

appellant argues there were not minimal guarantees of truthfulness and that the statement of Eric Smith was not used establish probable cause.

Regarding minimal guarantees of truthfulness, Lisa Garner, aka: Lisa Shippy, testified she was unaware that each of the two written statements she made for the police regarding the May 26th incident were made under the penalty of perjury. RP 64-70. However, in both of these statements, Ms. Garner wrote her name in the following blank:

I _____ have read the above statement and I certify it to be true and correct under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington.

Despite having written her name in the blank, Lisa Garner, aka: Lisa Shippy, claimed that she did not read the "penalty of perjury" language. RP 66-67, 69. On both of the statements, Lisa Garner, aka: Lisa Shippy, then signed her name in the signature block further down the form. Similarly, Mr. Smith claimed that, though he wrote his name in the blank, he was unaware the statement was being made under penalty of perjury. RP 866. Ms. Alvarado also admitted to having written her name in the blank, but was unable to remember if she had read the penalty of perjury language. Ms. Alvarado admitted that it would "seem kind of odd" for her to have placed her name in the blank without having read the perjury warning. RP 891-892. These exhibits are attached in Appendix 1 so as to allow this Court to consider the plausibility of these claims.

Under ER 104, the trial court is entrusted with finding whether sufficient facts have been proven on preliminary questions addressing the admission of evidence. Here, the trial court was faced with a question of credibility, whether or not to believe the witnesses' claim they were unaware of the fact they were making sworn statements to the police. The trial court ultimately found these denials unconvincing, RP 184-197, which is unsurprising given the less than credible explanations for how the witnesses came to write their names in the perjury blank without reading the language immediately after it. On questions of credibility, an appellate court will defer to the determination of the finder of fact, in this case the trial court. State v. Camarillo, 115 Wn.2d 60, 71, 794 P.2d 850 (1990).

Here, the trial court found the denial of knowledge unconvincing, and the nature of the statements, including the placement of the perjury warning, supports this conclusion. The trial court carefully weighed the issue, RP 184-197, and based its conclusion on the implausibility of the witnesses' denials and the dynamics of the situation. Given this, the trial court's decision to find the statements were sworn cannot be said to be so "manifestly unreasonable" as to rise to an abuse of discretion warranting reversal. See Stenson, 132 Wn.2d at 701.

Finally, the appellant argues that the statement of Mr. Smith, exhibit 16, was not used to determine probable cause as required by Smith.

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However, the investigating officer, Charlie Meadows, testified that he sent Mr. Smith's statement to the Prosecuting Attorney and used this information to compile his statement of probable cause. This was found sufficient in State v. Thach, 126 Wn.App. 297, 309, 106 P.3d 782 (2005), and the trial court did not abuse its discretion by admitting the statement, particularly when there was no specific objection on this ground. See State v. Jamison, 25 Wn.App. 68, 75, 604 P.2d 1017 (1979) ("an issue, theory, or argument not presented at trial will not be considered on appeal."), quoting Herberg v. Swartz, 89 Wn.2d 916, 578 P.2d 17 (1978).

II. The Trial Court Correctly Included the Appellant's Theft in the Second Degree Conviction in His Criminal History.

At sentencing, the trial court found the appellant's offender score to be eight, based upon a combination of juvenile and adult offenses. The trial court included a 1997 conviction for theft in the second degree in the appellant's criminal history, and included this conviction in the offender score. The appellant argues this was error, but the applicable statutes indicate otherwise.

In the judgment and sentence, section 2.2, the trial court listed the appellant's criminal history. CP 32. The appellant agreed with the State's recitation of his criminal history and offender score at sentencing. RP 1311, 1315. Thus, the appellant has waived this issue for appeal. State v.

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<u>Jackson</u>, 150 Wn.App. 877, 209 P.3d 553 (2009); <u>State v. Hickman</u>, 116 Wn.App. 902, 68 P.3d 1156 (2003).

Should the Court consider this argument, the relevant statutes required the sentencing court to list the conviction in section 2.2, regardless of whether the conviction was included in the offender score calculation. RCW 9.94A.500(1) states that "the court shall specify the convictions it has found to exist. All of this information shall be part of the record." Additionally, RCW 9.94A.030(11) states that:

- (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
 - (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
 - (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, RCW 9.94A.640, RCW 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
 - (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.

Section 2.2 of the judgment and sentence, CP 32, refers to the appellant's criminal history as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(11). Thus, the

sentencing court properly included the theft in the second degree conviction in this section. Moreover, the appellant has not identified any prejudice following from the inclusion of this offense in his criminal history. As such, the Court should decline to consider this issue, or find the trial court did not err.

VI. **CONCLUSION**

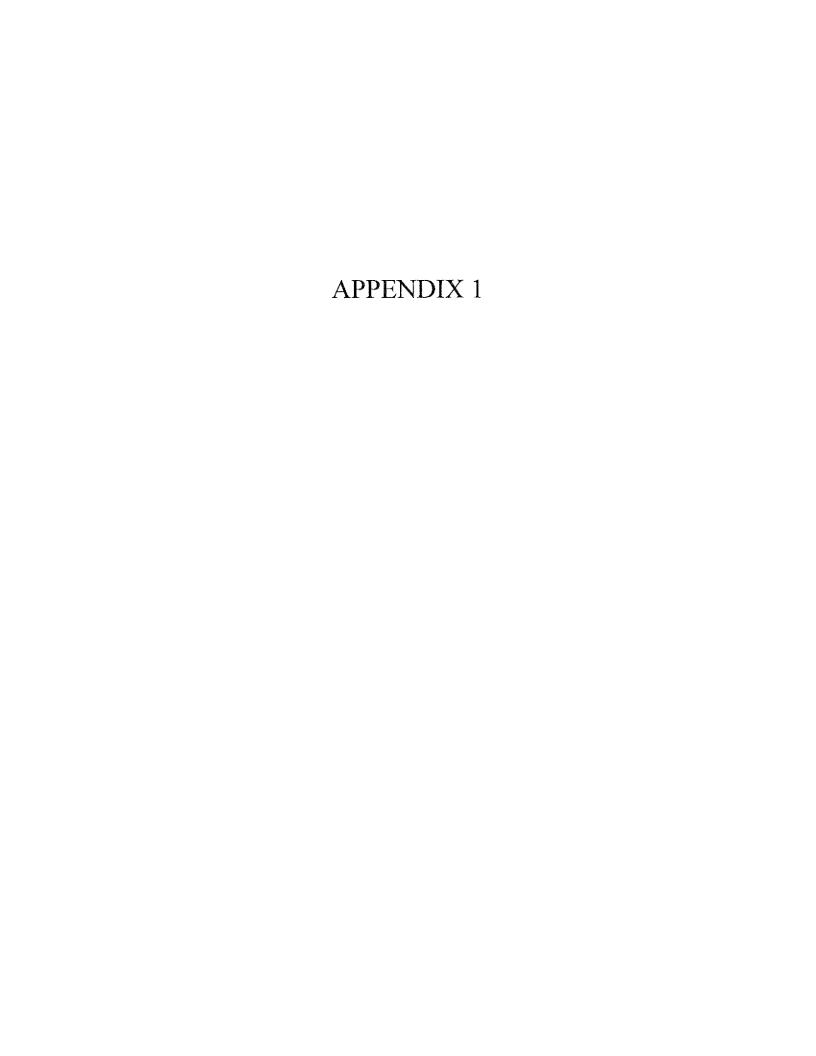
Based on the preceding argument, the State respectfully requests the Court to deny the appellant's appeal and uphold his convictions. The trial court did not err, and the appellant's convictions should stand.

Respectfully submitted this 3 day of April, 2012.

Susan I. Baur Prosecuting Attorney Cowlitz County, Washington

imes Smith, WSBA #35537
Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

Smith





STATEMENT Longview Police Department 360-442-5800

(PLEASE <u>PRINT</u> CLEARLY)

rull Name:	Shippy Last Number	LiSG First Name	L Y D D Middle Name	Birthdate:	7 - (0 - (0) onth / date / year
Home Address:	311 Balti No. and Street	more St. Lo	ongview	Home Phone: 70	3-3761
Work Address:	No. and Stree	C	ity	Work Phone:	
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got ups	et and 3	Somehow We	î t	argueing	about
and the	e neighbor	don't Iin	the street	got bro	ought up
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STATEMENT (Continued)

cause he has known them longer than the Zyrs we have
neen together, we ended up lighting upstairs in the
pedroom and he body slammed me a couple of times
on the floor and was checking me so I couldn't
scream but before I was screaming for help and
nobody wanted to get involved. When we'd be down-
- Chaire he'd lett every that T was doing this to
- Stairs he'd tell everyone that I was doing this to
myself and he didn't touch me at all. I third to
get him to leave but he wouldn't. I told him I wasgon
either call the cops or show up when he had coupt but
he didn't care. I went to bed and he was out-
- side in the back with everyone smoking and this
morning when I got up he was still there and when I
pied to call the cops he pulled the phone cords out
and eventually left. I went to the hospital but
my back was hurting too bad to keep sitting there
so I was not seen my daughter picked me
up and brought me to her house. And She called
The resurs
I LISA Shippy have read the above statement and I certify and declare it to be true and correct under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington.
Executed/dated on $\frac{12.35}{2007}$
ace given/executed_352_2075_6708
Signature Loa Slundoch
Witness (Market 308)



STATEMENT

(PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY)

Longview Police Department 360-442-5800

rull Name: Sh	ipoy	Lisa	Lynn	Birthdate: _	9-6-61
Las	st Nahme)	First Name	Middle Name		month / date / year
Home Address: <u>3</u>	No. and Street	<u>ove St. Lon</u>	GUIEW_	Home Phone: _	369703-376
	No. and Street	City			
Work Address:	No. and Street	City		Work Phone: _	
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The following state true to the best of n		Longview Police Dep	partment to aid an	investigation.	All facts given are
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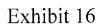


STATEMENT

Longview Police Department

(PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY) 360-442-5800
Full Name: Charado, Crystal Ann Birthdate: 02-17-81 Last Name First Name Middle Name Borth / date / year
Home Address: 165 morse park was LV. Home Phone: 577-5734
Work Address: Unen Diagd at time Work Phone: Work Phone:
The following statement is given to the Longview Police Department to aid an investigation. All facts given are true to the best of my knowledge.
There was drinking involved, the argument Started
with my sister Lisa shippy and her boufriend togry and ersp.
Jerry Anderson who was there hanging out he had
gid 50 mething to her about the neighbors (friends) being (serry anderson) (Lisa shippy) (Lisa) more important to him then her and her
tamily and the got all upset about it she isa
walked off out into the garage then Jerry had
followed and the argument continued I Crystal
alvarado Lisa's sister had left the garage went
upstairs to check my Laundry and then I Crystal
went back downstairs walked out to the garage
and Jerry anderson was on top of lisa Shippy
on the garage floor w/ hands on throat and face
her head went off the mattress that they
were on a her head was then on the concrete
I Cystal Huarad have read the above statement and I certify and declare it to be true and correct under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington.
.ed on 5/2/e/69 Time 2:, 20 pm
Place given ST. John'S
Signature Criptor alvanado
Witness of the parties of the same of the

+100r. Then later on it con inued upstairs in lisa's room a couple of times througout the night The Chandaler was staking on the cilling and the lights flashing on a off downstairs because Jerry anderson was body slamming her upstairs we all could here it belowe then Jerry andersor acually earlyer in the night cut the thone lines or did something to them one up stairs and down so that LISA Shippy could not call the corps because Jerry anderson did not want to go to Jail for this again because Lisa shippy called the cops on him before I crystal Went upstairs to check my Laundry & I myself heard her being chocked she was gospin for air and could barely falk afterwards I Crysta then went down and got her son brandon Molnar & he went up to the room. Then my brother Biar it and made Jerry anderson leave he hung around until Lisa went Jerry anderson leave he hung made leave when she of sheet there has some hones.



STATEMENT Longview Police Department 360-442-5800

(PLEASE <u>PRINT</u> CLEARLY)

Full Name:	Smith	Eric	Michae	Birthdate: <u>03/04/84</u>	
	Last Name	First Name	Middle Nam	month / date / year	
Home Address:	No. and Street	par Kutsú	Long Uiera City	<u> Home Phone (360) 577-59</u>	54
Work Address:	No. and Street		City	Work Phone: <u>心これ</u> e	
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Signature	-,34			· ·	
Witness	[Mendent	368			

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Michelle Sasser, certifies that opposing counsel was served electronically via the Division II portal:

Lisa E. Tabbut Attorney at Law P.O. Box 1396 Longview, WA 98632 Lisa.tabbut@comcast.net

I CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

Signed at Kelso, Washington on April 30, 2012.

<u>Alichelle Sassi</u> Michelle Sasser

COWLITZ COUNTY PROSECUTOR

April 30, 2012 - 1:43 PM

Transmittal Letter

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